

Please write clearly, in block capitals.

Centre number

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Candidate number

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Surname

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Forename(s)

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Candidate signature

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# A-level LAW

## Paper 3 Contract

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Specimen 2016

Time allowed: 2 hours

### Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer **all** questions. You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do **not** write on blank pages.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- Questions should be answered in continuous prose. Give reasoned answers. Where appropriate, make reference to cases, statutes and examples.

### Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
  - The maximum mark for this paper is 100.
-

Only **one** answer per question is allowed.


For each answer completely fill in the circle alongside the appropriate answer.


CORRECT METHOD



WRONG METHODS



If you want to change your answer you must cross out your original answer as shown. 

If you wish to return to an answer previously crossed out, ring the answer you now wish to select as shown. 

**0 1**

Which **one** of the following is an accurate statement concerning an invitation to treat (ITT) for the purposes of forming a contract?

- A An ITT is also known as a unilateral offer
- B An ITT is an invitation to others to make an offer
- C An ITT is only valid if it is in writing
- D An ITT can be accepted and thus form a contract

[1 mark]

**0 2**

Select the **false** statement about an exclusion or limitation clause in a contract.

- A It can have no effect unless incorporated into the contract under common law rules
- B In a consumer-trader contract for supply of goods, it can never exclude or limit liability for breach of a term relating to satisfactory quality
- C Its effect will usually be interpreted strictly against the party who seeks to rely on it
- D In a consumer-trader contract for supply of services, it can exclude or limit liability for breach if it is reasonable to do so

[1 mark]

**0 3**

Orders in Council are **one** form of delegated legislation. All of the following are suitable as Orders in Council **except**:

- A** A commencement order for an Act of Parliament
- B** A law implementing a European Union directive
- C** A law regulating parking in a city
- D** A law transferring responsibilities from one government ministry to another

**[1 mark]****0 4**

Choose the best description of regulations as a form of European Union (EU) law.

- A** EU regulations are issued by ministers under powers granted in an enabling Act
- B** EU regulations automatically become law in the UK once they are issued
- C** EU regulations need to be implemented in UK law by delegated legislation
- D** EU regulations become law in the UK only when included in an Act of Parliament

**[1 mark]****0 5**

Select the **true** statement about civil and criminal law.

- A** The same unlawful conduct may sometimes be both a crime and a breach of the civil law
- B** Civil law is based on common law rules whereas criminal law is based on statutory rules
- C** Issues of law are always decided by juries in both civil and criminal law cases
- D** Judges of the Supreme Court do not hear appeals in civil law cases

**[1 mark]**























Extra space

**END OF QUESTIONS**

**There are no questions printed on this page**

**DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE  
ANSWER IN THE SPACES PROVIDED**

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24 January 2017